

Bahiagrass was first brought to the United States from South America in 1914 and was primarily used for pastures. Argentine Bahiagrass was introduced to the United States in 1944 from Argentina. With its dark green color, minimal seed heads and lack of winter hardiness it is well adapted for a low maintenance turf for use in the humidity prone southeast.

Argentine bahia is a warm season perennial that is deep rooted with both rhizomes and stolons. While it is drought tolerant, it can also withstand wet climates including being submerged under water for extended periods. It is low growing, prefers full sun and with low fertility requirements, it is a great choice for low input situations. Argentine is susceptible to Ergot, which can be toxic to livestock. If turning out animals onto Argentine bahia, precautionary measures should be adhered to. Uses include lawns, roadsides, erosion control, grazing, hay and wildlife habitat. Argentine bahia is a permanent grass that goes dormant in the winter. Where year round green is desired, overseed with perennial ryegrass. Plant in spring or early summer with ade quate moisture to reduce weed pressure.

## **Planting Rates**

Turf: Broadcast 8-10 lbs. per 1000sq ft

Pasture: Drill 15-18 lbs. per acre in 20 inch rows

CALL NOW: 623-572-4907 INFO@ARIZONASEED.COM

SEE PLANTING AND MAINTENANCE GUIDE FOR IN DEPTH INSTRUCTIONS



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